

SECTION 1: Product and company identification

Product name : Oven Cleaner
 Use of the substance/mixture : Cleaner
 Product code : 8316
 Company : Total Solutions
 P.O. Box 240014
 Milwaukee, WI 53224 -USA
 T (414) 354-6417
 Emergency number : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

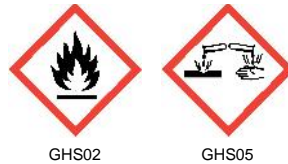
GHS-US classification

Flam. Aerosol 1 H222
 Skin Corr. 1A H314

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

Extremely flammable aerosol
 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 Do not breathe gas.
 Wash thoroughly after handling
 Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.
 If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
 Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER
 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 Store locked up.
 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
 Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national/international regulations

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	(CAS-No.) 112-34-5	2.5 - 10	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6	2.5 - 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
sodium hydroxide	(CAS-No.) 1310-73-2	2.5 - 10	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314
butane	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8	1 - 2.5	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280

A specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/effects : Corrosive.
- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
- Symptoms/effects after eye contact : CORROSIVE - Causes severe irritation and burns. May cause: blurred vision. redness. pain. conjunctivitis. ulcerations. tissue destruction. permanent eye damage. blindness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Keep watching the victim. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water fog. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol.
- Explosion hazard : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- Reactivity : The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. Gas is denser than air. May accumulate in low areas e.g. close to the ground.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Do not enter without an appropriate protective equipment.
- Emergency procedures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Ventilate spillage area. Do not touch spilled material. Do not breathe gas. Advise local authorities if considered necessary.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Stop release. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Stop leak if safe to do so. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Prevent the product from entering drains or confined areas.
- Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke while handling product. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. . Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
- Hygiene measures : Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Pressurized container. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Storage conditions : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Keep container tightly closed. Refrigerate. Keep out of reach of children.
- Incompatible products : Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.
- Storage area : Aerosol 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
propane (74-98-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Simple Asphyxiant
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
butane (106-97-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	CNS impair

8.2. Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
- Personal protective equipment : Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Gloves. Use appropriate personal protective equipment when risk assessment indicates this is necessary.



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Hand protection	: Gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.
Thermal hazard protection	: Use appropriate personal protective equipment when risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Consumer exposure controls	: When using do not smoke. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use good personal hygiene practices. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear, colorless liquid. Aerosol.
Odor	: characteristic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 238.96 °F estimated
Flash point	: -156 °F propellant estimated
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 1.02 g/ml estimated
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
VOC content	: < 7 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Aerosol containers are unstable at temperatures above 49°C. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known at room temperature.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LD50 oral rat	>= ml/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Eye damage, category 1, implicit
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: CORROSIVE - Causes severe irritation and burns. May cause: blurred vision. redness. pain. conjunctivitis. ulcerations. tissue destruction. permanent eye damage. blindness.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

- Waste treatment methods : Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. . Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow into drains or water courses.
- Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national regulations.
- Additional information : Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery or waste in accordance with local regulation. Handle unclean empty containers as full ones. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

- Transport document description : UN1950 Aerosols flammable, corrosive, 2.1 (8)
- UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950
- Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols
flammable, corrosive
- Class (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115
- Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas
8 - Corrosive



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DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: None
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: None
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: N82,A34
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 306
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 75 kg
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 150 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 25 - Shade from radiant heat,87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

Additional information

Other information : When transported by ground, this product may be eligible to be shipped as a Limited Quantity or Consumer Commodity ORM-D utilizing the exception found at 49 CFR 173.306. If any alteration of packaging, product, or mode of transportation is further intended, different shipping names and labeling may be required.

ADR

No additional information available

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG)	: UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: Aerosols
Class (IMDG)	: 2.1 - Flammable gases
Subsidiary risks (IMDG)	: 8

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	: UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Aerosols, flammable, containing substances in Class 8, Packing Group III
Class (IATA)	: 2.1 - Gases : Flammable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity.

SECTION 16: Other information

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

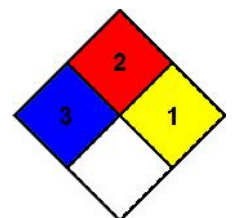
Full text of H-phrases:

H220	Extremely flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



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Prepared by: Technical Department

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results obtained from the use thereof. Our company assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to the vendee, users or third parties caused by the material. Such vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material.